



Webster's Online Dictionary
with Multilingual Thesaurus Translation

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Oil

Definition: Oil

Oil

Noun

1. A slippery or viscous liquid or liquefiable substance not miscible with water.
2. Oil paint used by an artist.

Verb

1. Cover with oil, as if by rubbing; "oil the wooden surface".
2. Administer an oil or ointment to ; often in a religious ceremony of blessing.

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Date "oil" was first used: 12th century. ([references](#))

Etymology: Oil \Oĭl (oil), noun. [Old English oile, Old French oile, French huile, from Latin oleum; akin to Greek. Compare to Olive.]. ([references](#))

Specialty Definition: Oil

Domain	Definition
Computing	OIL 1. ["The Architecture of the FAIM-1 Symbolic Multiprocessing System", A. Davis et al, 9th Intl Joint Conf in Artif Intell, 1985, pp.32-38]. 2. Operator Identification Language. Used for overloading resolution by the EIL compiler-writing system. Source: The Free On-line Dictionary of Computing .
Bible	OIL Only olive oil seems to have been used among the Hebrews. It was used for many purposes: for anointing the body or the hair (Ex. 29:7; 2 Sam. 14:2; Ps. 23:5; 92:10; 104:15; Luke 7:46); in some of the offerings (Ex. 29:40; Lev. 7:12; Num. 6:15; 15:4), but was excluded from the sin-offering (Lev. 5:11) and the jealousy-offering (Num. 5:15); for burning in lamps (Ex. 25:6; 27:20; Matt. 25:3); for medicinal purposes (Isa. 1:6; Luke 10:34; James 5:14); and for anointing the dead (Matt. 26:12; Luke 23:56). It was one of the most valuable products of the country (Deut. 32:13; Ezek. 16:13), and formed an article of extensive commerce with Tyre (27:17). The use of it was a sign of gladness (Ps. 92:10; Isa. 61:3), and its omission a token of sorrow (2 Sam. 14:2; Matt. 6:17). It was very abundant in Galilee. (See OLIVE.). Source: Easton's 1897